

The 286th IDEC Asia Seminar

The Limits of South-South Cooperation

South – South Cooperation becomes an important scheme in supporting and strengthening development cooperation, particularly among developing countries in recent times. On one hand, it is a policy forum working under the principles of solidarity, non-conditionality, inclusive, mutual benefits and opportunities, as well as non-interference. On the other hand, in practice, South – South Cooperation has conducted several activities including information sharing, knowledge and experience exchanging, and science – technology cooperation among Southern countries.

In addition, as an aid scheme, South – South Cooperation has offered a new type of aid process which is often different from traditional North – South Cooperation, particularly in terms of objectives and approaches. South – South Cooperation in general, is the combination of aid, trade, security, diplomacy, and economic development. While some have promoted the merit and contribution of South – South Cooperation, others have questioned about its relevance, capability, and effectiveness. Moreover, from the policy point of view, the political constraints, diversity, as well as limited commitment among members to the cooperation has raised the question of its potential and future.

Speaker: Dr. Siriporn Wajjwalku



Former Dean and Associate Professor
Faculty of Political Science
Thammasat University, Thailand

Date and Timing: Thursday, Mar. 26, 2015, 15:00-16:30

Venue: Small Conference Room, IDEC, Hiroshima University

Language: English

No registration required.

Dr. Siriporn Wajjwalku, a leading figure in Thai internationalization endeavor for higher social science education and research, talks on the confidence and its foundation for the development of international cooperation from Southeast Asia beyond economic and political crises.

Further Information: Contact Professor YOSHIDA Osamu at ext. 6936 or 7258
or e-mail to oyoshid@hiroshima-u.ac.jp